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Topic : Market Segmentation

Subject: Product & Pricing Management

Market segmentation is the strategy of dividing a broad customer market into smaller, distinct groups (segments) with shared characteristics, needs, or behaviors (like age, location, interests) to better tailor products and marketing efforts for increased effectiveness, moving beyond one-size-fits-all approaches to create personalized, focused campaigns that resonate with specific audiences.

## **Importance of Market Segmentation:**

Implementing marketing segmentation requires time and money. A successful marketing segmentation strategy can improve a company's long-term profitability and health. Besides this, Market segmentation offers many advantages, such as:

# 1. Increased likelihood of Brand Loyalty:

Marketing Segmentation provides <u>customers</u> with numerous opportunities to establish a long-lasting connection with a business. Customers may respond favorably to more direct, personal marketing strategies that encourage inclusiveness, community, and a sense of belongingness. Market Segmentation also boosts the potential of the companies to find the ideal customer who suits the company's product range and demographics.

#### 2. Stronger Brand Recognition:

Marketing Segmentation allows management to think about how it desires to be recognised by a certain group of people. Once the market niche has been identified, management has to decide what message to produce. The fact that this message is intended for a specific audience suggests that a company's <u>branding</u> and marketing are more likely to be very carefully planned. This can also have the indirect consequences of improving customer interactions with the business.

#### 3. Increased Market Differentiation:

Market Segmentation allows businesses to pinpoint the precise message it wants to send to the market and its rivals. This concept can also aid in product differentiation by highlighting how a business distinguishes itself from other companies. Management creates a precise impression that is more probable to be recognised and unique than a general marketing strategy.

## 4. Improved Utilisation of Resources:

Marketing Segmentation enables management to concentrate on particular customers or demographic groups. Marketing Segmentation facilitates a targeted, precise approach which usually costs less than a broad-reach approach, rather than attempting to offer products to the complete market.

### 5. Enhanced Digital Advertising targeting:

A corporation can implement more effective customised advertising methods with the help of market segmentation. This includes social media marketing strategies that target people of a certain age, area, or behavior.

### 6. Higher Success Rate:

Market Segmentation includes studying the market and then dividing the whole market into small portions. Through this, a market can easily understand the potential of the market and its consumers, reducing the risk of loss. Hence, through market segmentation, the chances of an organisation achieving success are higher.

#### 7. Increases Competitiveness:

After identifying the target market, a marketer or a business has to focus on competitiveness. Once the business has a clear understanding of its target market, the competition in the market intensifies. It encourages the marketing team to find innovative ideas for promoting the brand and effectively differentiate themselves from the competitors. To attract more customers, the marketing team will have to offer them different offers and discounts, and as the business has a clear understanding of its customers, it will ultimately help them gain brand loyalty.

#### 8. Customer Retention:

Retaining its customers is one of the most essential tasks of a business. Proper market segmentation helps an organisation in doing so by helping them understand the needs of consumers and allowing them to cater to the consumers with the same effectively. This helps the business in providing the customer with a better experience. Generally, this connection of understanding needs and catering the same between the market brand and the product or service is essential in sectors like hospitality, etc. People prefer to go for the product or service which they have used or experienced and felt great about them.

#### **Bases of market segmentation:**

he main bases for market segmentation are <u>Geographic</u>, <u>Demographic</u>, <u>Psychographic</u>, and <u>Behavioral</u>, which divide a broad market into smaller, relatable groups based on location, personal stats (age, income, etc.), lifestyle/personality, and purchasing habits/product interaction, respectively; many businesses combine these for more precise targeting.

Here's a breakdown of each base:

- Geographic Segmentation: Divides customers by physical location (country, city, climate, urban/rural) because needs vary geographically.
- **Demographic Segmentation:** Uses observable traits like age, gender, income, education, family size, occupation, and ethnicity.
- **Psychographic Segmentation:** Focuses on internal qualities, including lifestyle, personality, values, interests, social class, and attitudes.

• **Behavioral Segmentation:** Groups consumers by their relationship with the product, such as usage rate, benefits sought, loyalty, purchase occasion, user status, and readiness to buy.

# Other Bases (Especially for B2B):

• **Firmographic Segmentation:** Used for businesses, segmenting by industry, company size, revenue, number of employees, and technology adoption.

Marketers often use a blend of these bases (e.g., "young urban professionals interested in sustainable living") for effective campaigns.